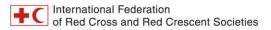


# What is Advocacy?



The Global Road Safety Partnership is hosted by:

















## What is Advocacy?

Organised action directed at influencing decision makers and opinion formers for change to policies, structures and systems in order to support for vulnerable communities



"Enact & enforce policies to keep road users safer"









#### **Advocacy Involves:**

- **ASKING WHY**? until you get to the root of the problem
- ENSURING POWER IS USED WELL
- EDUCATION of the powerless and the powerful
- SEEKING JUSTICE for those treated unfairly or ignored
- BRINGING CHANGE for society through changing systems, structures and policies
- BEING A VOICE for those who need support













### Responsibility of Advocates

- To persuade decision makers;
- 2. Persuade with the appropriate tools and actions;
- 3. Focus on areas of knowledge and expertise; and
- 4. Engage at appropriate times with partners

















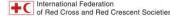
#### What is the difference?

- Advocacy
- Campaigning
- Service Delivery
- Social Marketing
- Public Education











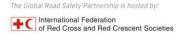
Advocacy									
	NGO Advocacy	RS Public Campaigns (Behaviour change communication, IEC)	RS Service Delivery						
Audience	Decision makers	Individual target group	Road users, partners						
	Example: local, district or national governments; community, religious, organisation, or political leaders; donors; or policy makers	Example: Particular population defined by road user, gender, age, or geography	Example: police, first responders, truck drivers, school children, motorcycle passengers, drivers, passengers						
Goal	To deal with the structural causes of problems and weak legislation impacting road users at the community, district, national or global levels.	Educate, raise awareness, change attitudes and behaviours, or call for action, at the individual level.	Provide a needed service (i.e. enforcement/FA training) or intervention (helmet promotion, safe routes to school) or equipment (ambulances)						
How to measure success	Policy formed, amended or implemented; decision makers approach or focus changed; new legislation introduced; or partnerships developed between affected communities and decision makers.	Targeted group awareness increased, educated, or behaviour changed.	Delivered a certain amount of						
Why important	Addresses structural causes of problems, improves legislation and policy, and works towards long term solutions.	Targets individual behaviour that is causing negative social, human, economic, and environmental impacts; and can reach large populations.	Deliver tangible resources and services to those in need, and address immediate issues.  The Global Road Safety Partnership is hosted by:						





	NGO ADVOCACY								
Audience	Decision makers								
	Example: local, district or national governments;								
	community, religious, organisation, or political leaders;								
	donors; or policy makers								
Goal	To deal with the structural causes of problems and weak								
	legislation impacting road users at the community, district,								
	national or global levels.								
How to	Policy formed, amended or implemented; decision makers								
measure	approach or focus changed; new legislation introduced; or								
success	partnerships developed between affected communities and								
	decision makers.								
Why important	Addresses structural causes of problems, improves								
	legislation and policy, and works towards long term								
	solutions.								

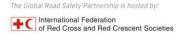






	RS Public Campaigns								
F	(Behaviour change communication, IEC)								
Audience	Individual target group								
	Example: Particular population defined by road user, gender, age, or geography								
Goal	Educate, raise awareness, change attitudes and behaviours, or call for action, at the individual level.								
How to measure success	Targeted group awareness increased, educated, or behaviour changed.								
Why important	Targets individual behaviour that is causing negative social, human, economic, and environmental impacts; and can reach large populations.								

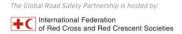






	RS Service Delivery							
Audience	Road users, partners							
	Example: police, first responders, truck drivers, school							
	children, motorcycle passengers, drivers, passengers							
Goal	Provide a needed service (i.e. enforcement/FA training) or intervention (helmet promotion, safe routes to school) or equipment (ambulances)							
How to measure	Delivered a certain amount of services or goods; and							
success	improved the situation of the target group; reduced road death and serious injuries							
Why important	Deliver tangible resources and services to those in need, and address immediate issues.							













Just to Clarify:::::::::	Just	to	Cl	lar	ify	/		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•
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## Public Education Campaign





- Public education campaigns support other road safety activities (enforcement, legislation and engineering) and aims to:
  - change road user behaviours
  - inform of changes to the law or environment
  - shape attitudes.



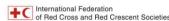
Must be research driven and ongoing until required road safety outcomes are achieved

When used in conjunction with targeted and coordinated police enforcement activities will dramatically reduce road trauma

Provide essential information to road users about key safety issues and road law requirements









#### Why Public Education Campaign?





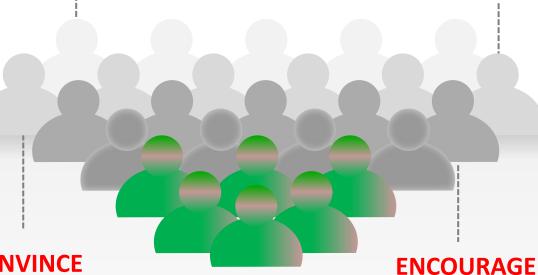


#### **INFORM**

public about new information (eg. Amendment in law)

#### **REMIND**

public about what they already know but might forget -(eg:-Słow down-at-school-area)---



CONVINCE

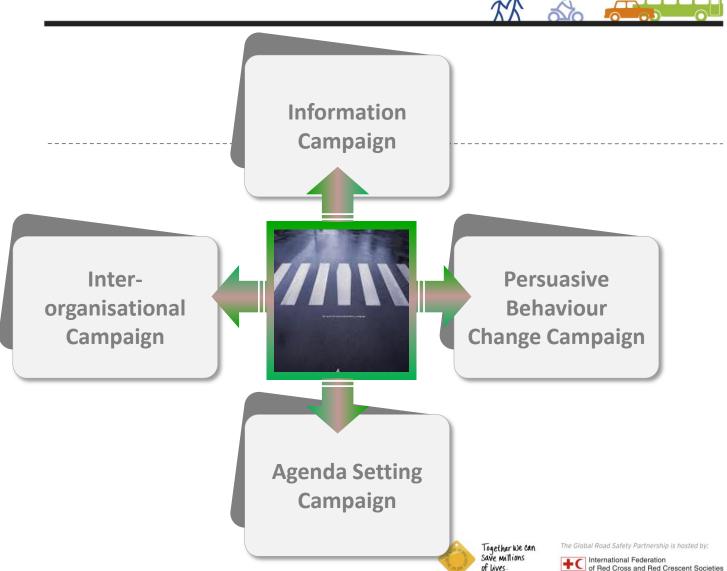
public to stop taking risk and discontinue such acts (e.g Drink driving)

public to do something they normally don't want to do

(eg. Prepare to stop at amber light)



## Types of Public Education





Global Road Safety Partnership - Road Safety Advocacy Workshop: Brasilia, August 2013

#### What is Social Marketing?







#### **Social Marketing**

- An approach that uses marketing principles and techniques to achieve positive impacts on the behaviour of individuals and groups, and to help sustain these over time.
- Seeks to influence social behaviours not to benefit the marketer, but to benefit the target audience and the general society.

Product

Price

Place

Promotion

Possible Supportive Activities

Campaign strategy

Campaign strategy

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Sure Millions
of Hed Cross and Red Grescent Societies
of Hed Cross and Red Grescent Societies







VS.

#### **Social Marketing**

The use of marketing techniques to promote the adoption of healthy or prosocial behaviours

#### Definition

Marketing via online tools and platforms (blogs, wikis, YouTube) to share information with each other

**Social Media** 

Changing behaviours to improve health/well-being for a better life quality

#### **Purpose**

Involving consumers in marketing efforts to generate positive word of mouth in the brand

Individuals at risk for social problems, those who are likely to adopt positive behaviours

## Target Audience

Tech-savvy consumers who are already using social media tools (creator or consumer of content)

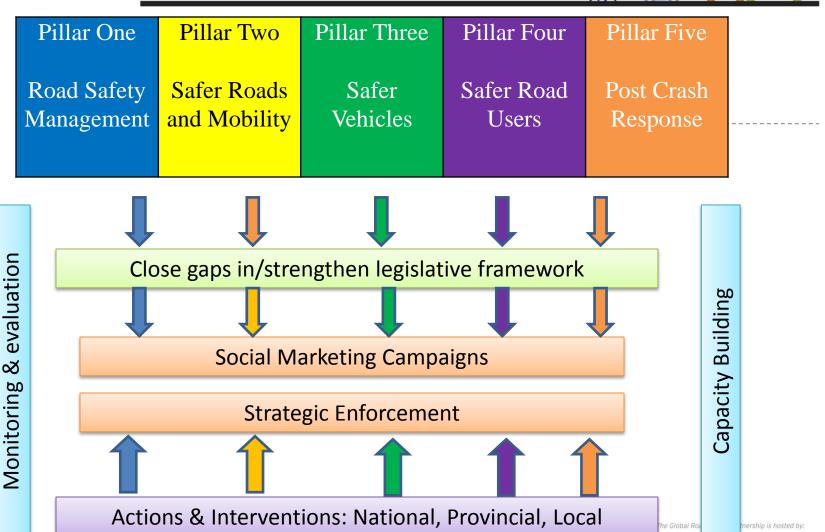






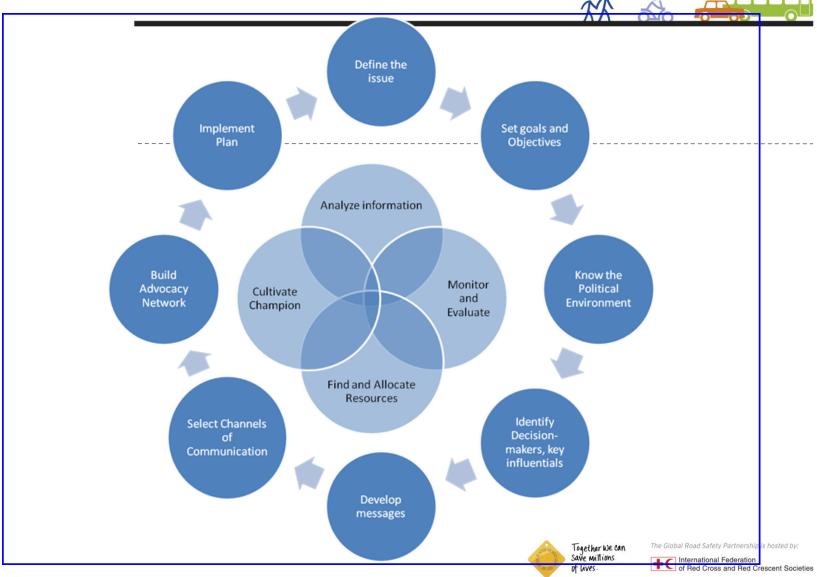
## Advocacy areas







# **Advocacy Cycle**



#### **Global Road Safety Partnership Secretariat**

c/o International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

P. O. Box 372 17, chemin des Crêts CH-1211 Geneva 19 Switzerland

Tel: +41 (0) 22 730 42 49 Fax: +41 (0) 22 733 03 95 E-mail: grsp@ifrc.org

Website: www.grsproadsafety.org







